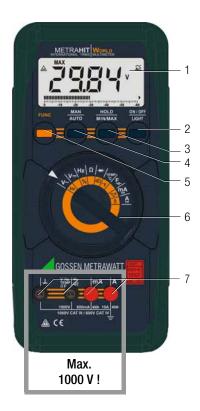
# METRAHIT | WORLD

# **International TRMS Multimeter**

3-349-529-03 2/10.09





1 Display (LCD)

2 **ON / OFF | Light** Key for ON / OFF and display illumination

ON / OFF

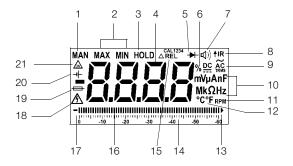
3 **HOLD** Key for the following functions: save

measured value, delete and MAX-MIN

4 MAN / AUTO Key for manual measuring range selection
5 FUNC Key for selecting ranges or functions

FUNC Key for selecting ranges or functions
 rotary selector switch for measuring functions

7 Connector jacks



## Symbols used in the Digital Display

- 1 MAN: manual measuring range selection is active
- 2 MAX/MIN value storage
- 3 HOLD: display memory, "freeze" measured value
- 4 Digital display with decimal point and polarity display
- 5 Diode measurement selected
- 6 Display Keying Ratio Measurement
- 7 (1) appears when acoustic signal is active
- 8 Selected type of current
- 9 interface active
- 10 Unit of measure
- 11 Unit of measure °C / °F for temperature measurement
- 12 Rotation Per Minute measurement selected
- 13 Triangle appears: indicates overranging
- 14 Pointer for analog display
- 15 Δ REL: relative measurement with reference to offset
- 16 Scale for analog display
- 17 Indicates that the negative analog display range has been exceeded
- 18 Warning regarding dangerous voltage: > 40 V AC / 60 DC
- 19 Display in case of defective fuse
- 20 Low battery display
- 21 Symbol for continuous duty

## Standard Equipment

- 1 TRMS-digital multimeter
- 1 Protective rubber holster
- 2 1.5 V AA size batteries
- 1 Set of measurement cables KS17-2
- 1 DKD calibration certificate
- 1 Short-form operating instructions

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## 1 Safety Features and Precautions

You have selected an instrument which provides you with a high level of safety.

This instrument fulfills the requirements of the applicable European and national EC guidelines. We confirm this with the CE marking. The relevant declaration of conformity can be obtained from GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH.

The analog-digital multimeter is manufactured and tested in accordance with safety regulations IEC 61010–1:2001/DIN EN 61010–1:2001/VDE 0411–1:2002. When used for its intended purpose, safety of the operator, as well as that of the instrument, is assured. Their safety is however not guaranteed, if the instrument is used improperly or handled carelessly.

In order to maintain flawless technical safety conditions, and to assure safe use, it is imperative that you read the operating instructions thoroughly and carefully before placing your instrument into service, and that you follow all instructions contained therein. In the interest of your own safety and in order to protect the instrument, the multimeter is equipped with an automatic socket blocking mechanism. This mechanism is linked to the function selector switch and only allows access to those jacks which are actually required for the selected function. It also prevents the user from turning the selector switch to impermissible functions after the measurement cables have already been plugged in.

#### Observe the following safety precautions:

- The instrument may only be operated by persons who are capable of recognizing contact hazards and taking the appropriate safety precautions. Contact hazards exist anywhere, where voltages of greater than 33 V<sub>RMS</sub> may occur.
- Avoid working alone when taking measurements which involve contact hazards. Be certain that a second person is present.
- Maximum allowable voltage between any of the connector jacks and earth is 1000 V, category III or 600 V CAT IV.
   Nominal voltage at the system may not exceed 600 V.
   Voltage measurement may only be performed with the selector switch set to the V= or the V~ position.
- Be prepared for the occurrence of unexpected voltages at devices under test (e.g. defective devices). For example, capacitors may be dangerously charged.
- Make certain that the measurement cables are in flawless condition, e.g. no damage to insulation, no interruptions in cables or plugs etc.

- No measurements may be made with this instrument in electrical circuits with corona discharge (high-voltage).
- Special care is required when measurements are made in HF electrical circuits. Dangerous pulsating voltages may be present.
- Measurements under moist ambient conditions are not permitted.
- Be absolutely certain that the measuring ranges are not overloaded beyond their allowable capacities. Limit values can be found in the "Measuring Ranges" table in chapter 14 "Characteristic Values".
- All current measuring ranges are protected with fuses.
   Maximum allowable voltage for the measuring current circuit is 600 V in all "mA" and "A" ranges.
- We recommend using our KS30 measuring adapter, available as an accessory, for hazard-free voltage measurement in power installations with up to 1000 V. The included internal resistor limits measuring current in the event of excessive voltage and operator error, and assures reliable quenching of active spark gaps. For additional information refer to chapter 7.2 "Voltage Measurements at Above 600 V".



## Warning!

The standard instrument may not be operated in explosive atmosphere, or connected to intrinsically safe electrical circuits.

There is a special type **World IS** which is certified for this application.

#### Meanings of symbols on the instrument:



Warning concerning a source of danger (attention: observe documentation)



Earth terminal



Continuous, doubled or reinforced insulation



This device may not be disposed of with the trash. Further information regarding the WEEE mark can be accessed on the Internet at www.gossenmetrawatt.com by entering the search term 'WEEE'.



Indicates EC conformity

#### CAT III/IV

Maximum allowable voltage between the connector jacks and earth is 1000 V, category III or 600 V category IV.

## **DKD Calibration Upon Request**

B0730-	Consecutive number
DKD-K-	Consecutive number German Calibration Service– calibration laboratory Registration number
19701-	Registration number
01-04	Date of calibration (year – month)

## Repair, Parts Replacement and Balancing

When the instrument is opened, voltage conducting parts may be exposed. The instrument must be disconnected from the measuring circuit before the performance of repairs, the replacement of parts or balancing. If balancing, maintenance or repair of a live open instrument is required, this may only be carried out by trained personnel who are familiar with the dangers involved.

## **Defects and Extraordinary Strains**

If it may be assumed that the instrument can no longer be operated safely, it must be removed from service and secured against unintentional use.

Safe operation can no longer be relied upon:

- If the device demonstrates visible damage
- If the instrument no longer functions
- After lengthy periods of storage under unfavorable conditions (e.g. humidity, dust, temperature), see ambient conditions on page 16

## 2 Initial Start-Up

#### Battery

Your instrument is supplied with two 1,5 V AA size batteries in accordance with IEC LR 6, and is ready for operation. Be sure to refer to chapter 15.1 "Battery", before initial start-up, or after your device has been in storage for a lengthy period of time.

#### Switching the Instrument On

Press the ON / OFF key.

Power-up is acknowledged with an acoustic signal. All of the segments at the liquid crystal display (LCD) are illuminated shortly. The LCD is shown in the diagram on page 2.



#### Note!

Electrical discharge and high frequency interference may cause incorrect displays to appear, and may disable the measuring sequence. In such cases, switch the instrument off and back on again in order to reset. If the problem persists, briefly dislodge the battery from the connector contacts.

Disconnect the instrument from the measuring circuit before opening and refer to chapter 15 "Maintenance"!

#### **Automatic Shutdown**

The instrument switches itself off automatically if neither one of the keys nor the rotary selector switch are activated for a period of approximately 15 minutes.

#### **Disabling Automatic Shutdown**

The instrument can be set to continuous duty. Press the **FUNC** key and the **ON / OFF** key simultaneously when switching the instrument on to this end. Continuous duty is indicated at the LCD by means of the  $\triangle$  symbol.

#### Switching the Instrument Off

Press the ON / OFF key.

## 3 Selecting Measuring Functions and Measuring Ranges

The function selector switch is linked to the automatic socket blocking mechanism, which only allows access to two connector jacks for each function. Be certain to remove the appropriate plug from its respective jack before switching to and from the "mA" or the "A" function. The socket blocking mechanism prevents the user from inadvertently turning the selector switch to impermissible functions after the measurement cables have been plugged in to the instrument.

#### 3.1 Automatic Measuring Range Selection

The multimeter is equipped with automatic measuring range selection for all ranges except the 600 mV  $\sim$  range. Autoranging is active as soon as the instrument is switched on. The instrument automatically selects the measuring range which allows for highest possible resolution of the applied quantity.

## The instrument is automatically switched to:

The next highest range
 The next lowest range
 at typically
 ± (6039 digits + 1 digit)
 ± (560 digits - 1 digit)

## 3.2 Manual Measuring Range Selection

Auto-ranging can be deactivated and measuring ranges can be selected manually in accordance with the following table. Manual operation is deactivated by pressing and holding the MAN / AUTO key (approx. 1 s), by activating the rotary selector switch, or by switching the instrument off and then back on again.

If the instrument is switched back to auto-ranging in the 600 mV  $\sim$  range, the respective range or 6 V  $\sim$  is selected automatically.

↓↓ AUTO/			vledge- ent
MAN (4)	Function	Dis- play	Acou- stic Signal
brief	Manual mode active: utilized measuring range is fixed	MAN (10)	1 x
brief	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	MAN (10)	1 x
long	Return to automatic range selection	_	2 x

#### 3.3 Quick Measurements

Measurements performed using a suitable fixed measuring range are executed more quickly than those which utilize automatic range selection. Quick measurement is made possible with the following two functions:

 Manual measuring range selection, i.e. selection of the measuring range with best resolution (see chapter 3.2)

or

 With the HOLD function (see chapter 5). In this way, the correct measuring range is selected automatically after the first measurement and all further measurements are executed more quickly.

The selected measuring range remains active for the subsequent series of measurements with these two functions

## 3.4 Relative Measurement ∧ REL

A reference value for relative measurements can be stored to memory with the keys  ${\bf MAN}$  /  ${\bf AUTO}$  and  ${\bf HOLD}$ .

The applicable reference or correction value is substracted individually for the respective measuring function as an offset from all subsequent measurements, and remains in memory until deleted, or until the multimeter is switched off.

Reference value setting is only possible for the respective manually selected measuring range.

#### Setting the Reference Value

- Plug the measuring cable into the instrument and measure a reference value.
- Press the MAN / AUTO key and the HOLD key simultaneously. The instrument acknowledges storage of the reference value with an acoustic signal, and the Δ REL symbol appears at the LCD. The value measured at the moment the keys are pressed serves as a reference value.
- The reference value can be cleared by once again pressing the MAN / AUTO and HOLD keys.



#### Note!

Relative measurement effects the digital display only. Relative measurement is not active during overflow. In the case of relative measurement, quantities may also appear as negative values.

## 4 LCD

## 4.1 Digital Display

The measured value with decimal and plus or minus sign appears at the digital display. The selected unit of measure and the current type are displayed as well. A minus sign appears to the left of the value during the measurement of zero-frequency quantities, if the plus pole of the measured quantity is applied to the "\( \perp \)" input. "OL" is displayed if the upper range limit of 6039 is exceeded (or 1999 in the  $\rightarrow$ range).

The digital display is refreshed twice per second during V, A and  $\Omega$  measurements.

## 4.2 Analog Display

The analog display with simulated pointer and the same dynamic performance as a moving-coil mechanism is refreshed 20 times per second during V, A and  $\Omega$  measurements. This display is especially advantageous for observing measured value fluctuation, and for balancing procedures.

The analog display has its own polarity indicator. If the measured value exceeds the display range, polarity at the analog display is switched after approximately 0.7 seconds. Overranging is indicated by the triangle at the right (> 6039 digits).

#### 4.3 Display Illumination

After the instrument has been switched on, background illumination can be activated by briefly pressing the **ON / OFF | LIGHT** key. Illumination is switched back off by once again pressing the same key, or automatically after approximately 1 minute.

## 5 Measured Value Memory "HOLD"

By pressing the **HOLD** key, the currently displayed measurement value can be "frozen" in the display, and "Hold" is simultaneously indicated. Automatic shutdown is deactivated during this process.

The Hold display is deactivated if:

- the HOLD key is pressed and held
- · the rotary selector switch is activated
- the FUNC multifunction key is pressed for a change of function, e.g. AC → Hz.

## 6 Saving Minimum or Maximum Values "MIN/MAX" Hold

Minimum and maximum measured values applied to the measuring instrument's input after the MAX/MIN function has been activated, can be "frozen" at the display with the MAX/MIN function. The most important use of this function is the determination of minimum or maximum values during long-term measured quantity observation.

- Select the measurement function with the rotary selector switch and, if appropriate, with the FUNC multifunction key.
- Connect the device under test as described in the following measurement instructions.
- Press the HOLD key twice. MAX is displayed. The measuring instrument continually updates and digitally displays the largest occurring measured value.
- Press the HOLD key. MIN is displayed. The measuring instrument continually updates and digitally displays the lowest occurring measured value. Pressing HOLD once more switches this function back to MAX.
- Press and hold the HOLD key for approx. 2 seconds, to guit the HOLD function.



<sup>\*</sup> range selection is not provided for with MAN + MIN / MAX

## 7 Voltage Measurement

- Depending upon the voltage to be measured, set the rotary selector switch to V ~ or V —.
- Connect the measurement cables as shown. The "\( \pm \)" connector jack should be grounded.



#### Note!

The 600 mV  $\sim$  measuring range can only be selected manually with the  ${\bf MAN}$  /  ${\bf AUTO}$  key.

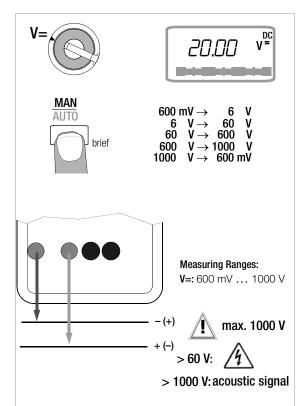
If the measured value exceeds 60 V DC or 40 V AC the symbol  $\hfill \Lambda$  appears at the display.

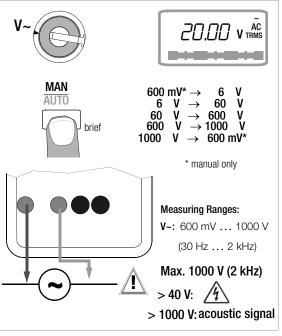
An intermittent acoustic signal warns the operator if the measured value exceeds the upper range limit value of 1000 V in the 1000 V range.



#### Attention!

Make sure than none of the current measuring ranges (neither "mA" nor "A") are activated when connecting the multimeter for the performance of voltage measurements! If fuse trip limits are exceeded as a result of operator error, both the operator and the instrument are in danger!





## Zero Balancing $\triangle$ REL in the V AC und V DC Measuring Range

You can select the reference point in the V AC and V DC measuring range:

- Plug the measuring cables into the instrument and connect the free ends to each other.
- After selecting the measuring range, briefly press the two HOLD and MAN / AUTO kevs.

The instrument acknowledges zero balancing with an acoustic signal and "0" (+ 1 digit) and  $\Delta$  REL appears at the LCD, depending on the measuring range. The voltage displayed at the moment the key is pressed is automatically substracted from all subsequent measured values.

Zero balancing can be deleted:

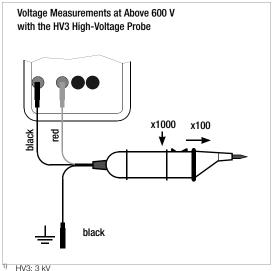
- by briefly pressing the MAN / AUTO key, which is acknowledged with an acoustic signal,
- by switching the instrument off.

#### 7.1 Transient Overvoltages

The multimeter is protected against transient overvoltages of up to 6 kV with rise times of 1.2, and halftimes of 50  $\mu s$ . For measurements at transformers or motors with long pulse durations etc., we recommend the use of our KS30 measuring adapter. It provides protection against transient overvoltages of up to 6 kV with rise times of 10, and halftimes of 1000  $\mu s$ . It has a continuous load capacity of 1200  $V_{RMS}$ . Additional influence error caused by the KS30 measuring adapter amounts to approximately  $-2\,\%$ .

#### Voltage Measurements at Above 600 V

Voltages of greater than 600 V can be measured with a highvoltage probe, e.g. the HV3<sup>1)</sup> or the HV30<sup>2)</sup> from GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH. It is absolutely essential to ground the bonding terminal. Observe all applicable safety precautions!



HV30: 30 kV, for DC --- voltages only

#### 7.3 Sub-function Hz

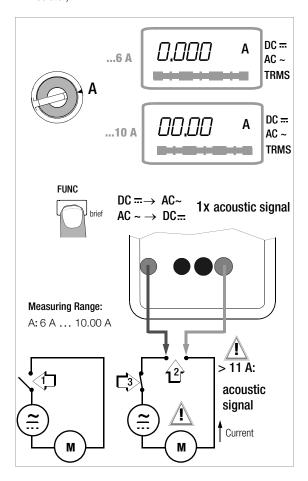
- Turn the rotary selector switch to  $V \sim$
- Briefly press the **FUNC** multifunction key to display the frequency (max. 2 kHz) of the AC voltage.
- Press the **FUNC** key once again to guit the Hz function.

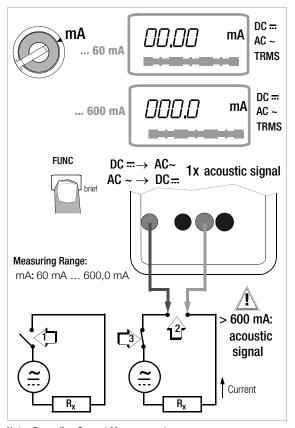
#### 8 **Current Measurement**

- First disconnect supply power from the measuring circuit or the consuming device, and discharge any included capacitors.
- Select the A --- range with the rotary selector switch for current greater than 600 mA, or the mA ... range for current less than 600 mA. Activate the highest measuring range first when measuring current of an unknown maanitude.
- Select the current type appropriate for the measured quantity by briefly pressing the FUNC key. Each time the key is pressed, DC and AC are alternately selected, and switching is acknowledged with an acoustic signal. The selected current type is indicated at the LCD by means of the DC and AC symbols.

DC current is always active immediately after range selection with the rotary selector switch.

Securely connect the measuring instrument to the consuming device in series as shown (without transfer resistor).





## **Notes Regarding Current Measurement:**

- The measuring circuit must be mechanically stable and must be secured against accidental interruption. Select conductor cross-sections and connectors such that no overheating occurs.
- An intermittent acoustic signal warns the operator if the measured value exceeds the upper range limit in the 600 mA and 10 A measuring ranges.
- Measuring ranges up to 600 mA are protected against short-circuit current of up to 25 A with an FF 1.6 / 1000 V fuse link in combination with power diodes. The fuse has a breaking capacity of 10 kA at a nominal voltage of 1000 V ~ and ohmic load.
- The 6A and 10 A current measuring ranges are protected with a 10 A / 1000 V fuse link. The fuse has a breaking capacity of 30 kA at a nominal voltage of 1000 V ∼ and ohmic load.
- If one of the fuses blows, this condition is indicated at the LCD as soon as a measured quantity with a voltage of greater than 4 V is applied to the corresponding

- If a fuse blows, eliminate the cause of overload before placing the instrument back into service!
- Refer to chapter 15 "Maintenance", regarding fuse replacement.

## Zero Balancing $\Delta$ REL during Current Measurement

You can select the reference point in the mA AC / DC and A AC / DC measuring range:

- Plug the measuring cables into the instrument and connect the free ends to each other.
- After selecting the measuring range, briefly press the two HOLD and MAN / AUTO keys.

The instrument acknowledges zero balancing with an acoustic signal and "0" (+ 1 digit) and  $\Delta$  REL appears at the LCD, depending on the measuring range. The voltage displayed at the moment the key is pressed is automatically substracted from all subsequent measured values.

Zero balancing can be deleted:

- by briefly pressing the MAN / AUTO key, which is acknowledged with an acoustic signal,
- by switching the instrument off.

## 8.1 Measuring Alternating Current with (Clip-On) Current Transformers

## 8.1.1 Transformer Output mA / A



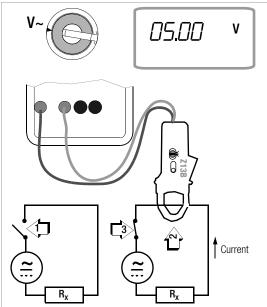
#### Attention!

If current transformers are operated without being connected at the secondary side (e.g. as a result of defective or missing cables, a blown device fuse or incorrect connection), dangerously high voltages may occur at the connector jacks. For this reason, make sure that the measuring instrument's current path and the transformer's secondary coil connected to the instrument constitute an uninterrupted circuit, and connect this circuit to the  $\bot$  and mA or A jacks.

Maximum allowable operating voltage is equal to the current transformer's nominal voltage. Do not forget to consider the transformer's transformation ratio and additional display error when reading measured values.

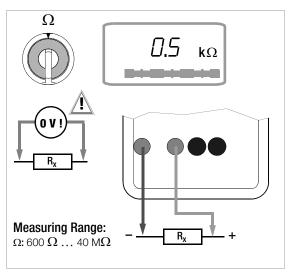
#### 8.1.2 Transformer Output V

Some transformers are equipped with a voltage output (designation mV/A). The secondary terminals must thus be connected to  $\perp$  and V.



#### 9 Resistance Measurement

- Make sure that the device under test is voltage-free. Interference voltages distort measurement results!
- $\Rightarrow$  Set the rotary selector switch to  $\Omega$ .
- Connect the device under test as shown.



## Zero Balancing $\triangle$ REL in the entire resistance measuring range

Cable and contact resistances can be eliminated during resistance measurement by means of zero balancing:

- Plug the measuring cables into the instrument and connect the free ends to each other.
- Press the MAN / AUTO and HOLD keys after selecting the measuring range.

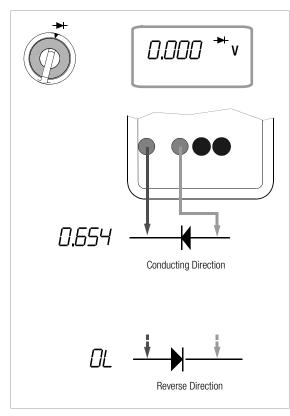
The instrument acknowledges zero balancing with an acoustic signal and "0" (+1 digit) and  $\Delta$  REL appears at the LCD, depending on the measuring range. The resistance value measured at the moment the key is pressed is automatically subtracted from all subsequent measured values.

Zero balancing can be deleted:

- by briefly pressing the MAN / AUTO key, which is acknowledged by an acoustic signal,
- by switching the instrument off.

## 10 Continuity and Diode Testing

- Make sure that the device under test is voltage-free. Interference voltages distort measurement results!
- Set the rotary selector switch to →.
- Connect the device under test as shown.



## Conducting Direction and/or Short-Circuit:

The instrument displays conducting-state voltage in volts. As long as voltage drop does not exceed the maximum display value of 1,999 V, several series connected components or reference diodes can be tested with a small reference voltage.

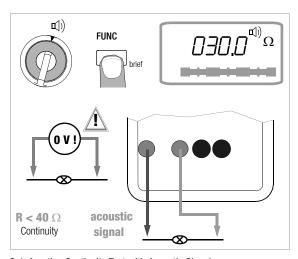
## **Reverse Direction or Interruption:**

The measuring instrument indicates overflow "OL".



## Note!

Resistors and semiconductors which are connected in parallel to the diode distort measurement results!



# Sub-function Continuity Test with Acoustic Signal

If the sub-function "continuity test with acoustic signal" is activated, a continuous acoustic signal is generated by the instrument within a display range of R < 40.

## Acoustic Signal ON:

⇒ Briefly press the FUNC key. Activation is acknowledged with an acoustic signal. The ♠ symbol appears at the display as well.

## Acoustic Signal OFF:

⇒ Briefly press the **FUNC** key once again.

Deactivation is acknowledged with an acoustic signal. The ◀) symbol is cleared from the display.

The acoustic signal function is always inactive immediately after the "continuity test" function has been selected with the **rotary selector switch**. The acoustic signal can be activated and deactivated by repeatedly and briefly pressing the **FUNC** key. If the key is pressed and held, the acoustic signal is always deactivated, which is acknowledged with two acoustic signals.

#### 11 Capacitance Measurement

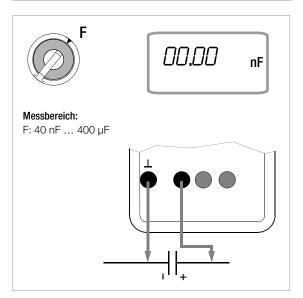
- Make sure that the device under test is voltage-free. Interference voltages distort measurement results!
- Turn the rotary switch to the "F" position.
- Connect the (discharged!) device under test to the and V jacks with the measurement cables



#### Note!

The "-" pole of polarized capacitors must be connected to the "L" jack.

Resistors and semiconductor paths connected in parallel to the capacitor distort measurement results!



## 12 Frequency Measurement – Keying Ratio Measurement

- Turn the rotary switch to the Hz position.
- Apply the measured quantity as described under voltage measurement.
- Smallest measurable frequencies and maximum allowable voltages are listed in chapter 14 "Characteristic Values".

## 12.1 Keying Ratio Measurement

The pulse-period ratio can be ascertained for square-wave signals with the keying ratio measurement.

- Turn the rotary swith to Hz position
- Briefly press the multifunction FUNC key twice. The instrument is switched to keying ratio measurement. The keying ratio, i.e. the pulse duration of a signal as a percentage, is displayed at the LCD.

Keying Ratio (%) = -	Pulse Duration	- • 100
Reynig hallo (70) = -	Period	100



#### Note!

The applied frequency must remain constant during keying ratio measurement.

## 12.2 RPM Measurement

RPM is measured by acquiring pulses. The number of measurable pulses per revolution varies depending upon the type of engine.

- Set the rotary switch to Hz.
- Press the multifunction key FUNC twice until unit of measure RPM appears.

The measured value then appears, for example "244.3 RPM".

## 13 Temperature Measurement

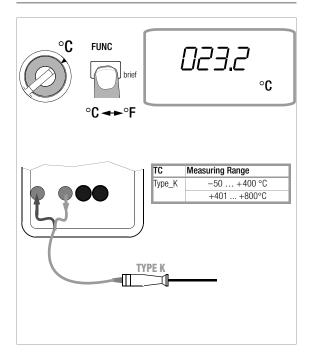
The multimeter provides for the measurement of temperatures within a range of – 50 °C to + 800 °C with the help of a type K temperature sensor.

- Set the rotary selector switch to "°C".
- Connect the sensor to the two accessible jacks. The device indicates the measured temperature in °C at the digital display.
- Briefly press the FUNC key to switch between °C and °F.



## Note!

The cold junction temperature (reference temperature) is measured with a Pt100 temperature sensor inside the instrument. It is displayed when the measuring input is short-circuited. Due to internal heating or a change from warm to cold environment or vice versa, the reference temperature may differ from the ambient temperature.



## 14 Characteristic Values

Meas.			Reso- lution	ı	Input Im	pedance		Intrinsic Uncertaint under Referer	at Max. Resolution ace Conditions	Overload	d Capacity	Meas.	
Functio n	Measi	ıring Range	iuuoii		-	-		±( % rdg. + d)	±( % rdg. + d)		•	Function	
"			6000	-		~			~	Value	Time		
	600	mV	100 μV	>10 GΩ // ·	< 40 pF	42 MΩ // <	< 50 pF	0.5 + 5		1000 V			
	6	V	1 mV	11 MΩ // <	< 40 pF	8 MΩ // <	50 pF	0.5 + 5		DC			
V	60	V	10 mV	10 MΩ // <	< 40 pF	8 MΩ // <	50 pF	0.5 + 5	1 + 5	AC	Cont.	V	
	600	V	100 mV	10 MΩ // <	< 40 pF	8 MΩ // <	50 pF	0.5 + 5		eff Sinus			
	1000	V	1 V	10 MΩ // <	< 40 pF	8 MΩ // <	50 pF	0.5 + 5		Sirius			
				Voltage d	rop at a	pprox. range	limit						
						~			~				
	60	mA	10 μΑ	100	mV	100	mV						
_	600	mA	100 μA	700	mV	700	mV		4.5.5 ( 40.5)	1.0 A	Cont.	_	
A	6	A	1 mA	200	mV	200	mV	1.0 + 5 (> 10 D)	1.5 + 5 (> 10 D)	1)		A	
	10	A	10 mA	300	mV	300	mV	-		10 A <sup>4)</sup>	Cont.		
				Open-ci	rcuit	Meas. cur	rent at	./ 0/	- d\				
				voltaç		range li	imit	±( % rd	- ,				
	600	Ω	$100\text{m}\Omega$	max. 1	V	max. 250	μΑ	1 + 5 2	()				
	6	kΩ	1 Ω	max. 1	V	max. 100	μΑ	0.7 + 3	3				
	60	kΩ	10 Ω	max. 1	V	max. 12	μΑ	0.7 + 3	3	1000 V		Ω	
Ω	600	kΩ	100 Ω	max. 1	V	max. 1,2	μΑ	0.7 + 3	}	DC		5.2	
	6	MΩ	1 kΩ	max. 1	V	max. 120	nA	0.7 + 3	3	AC	max. 10 s		
	40	MΩ	10 kΩ	max. 1	V	max. 50	nA	2.0 + 3	3	eff Sinus			
->-	2	V	1 mV	max. 3	V			1.0 + 5	)			->-	
<b>□</b> (1))	600	Ω	0.1 Ω	max. 1	V	max. 250	пΔ	1.0 +5			1	†	<b>(</b> 1))
<u> </u>	000		0.1 22	THOX: 1	•	max. 200	pur					41//	
		50.0						±( % rd					
		-50,0 +400 °C	0,1 °C					1.0 + 5	(3)	1000 V DC/AC			
°C	TYP K	+ 401							2)	eff	max. 10 s	°C	
		+800 °C	0,1 °C					5.0 + 7	· 3)	Sinus			
					Powe	r limit		±( % rd	a. + d)				
Hz	100	Hz	0,1 Hz					,	<u> </u>	10001/		Hz	
V~	1000	Hz	1 Hz	3 x 10	o <sup>6</sup> V x Hz	@ U > 100	V	0.1 + 2	<u>.</u>	1000 V DC / AC		V~	
	100	Hz	0,1 Hz									•••	
Hz	1000	Hz	1 Hz	2 v 1/	n6 уу ц-	@ U > 100	V	0.1 + 2	1	1000 V DC		Hz	
nz		MHz	1 Hz	3 % 10	JVXIIZ	. @ 0 > 100	V	0.1 + 2		AC		п2	
	1	IVITIZ	I IIZ		D	. U.u.la							
	0011				Powe	r limit		0.55					
٠,	30 Hz 1Kl	,			n6 v ··	@ II	.,		MUL + 8 D	1000 V			
%		Hz: 5,0 95,0		3 x 10	J° V x Hz	@ U > 100	V		0.2% v.MUL/kHz + 8 D		max. 10 s	%	
	40 kHz 10	0 kHz:10,090,0						0.2% v	MUL + 8 D				
Rpm	60	99.99 k	1 Rpm					± 2 Rpi	m	1000 V	max. 10 s	Rpm	
				Dis	charge	Resistance		±( % rdç	J. + MR)				
	40	nF	10 pF			ΜΩ			0 with zero active				
	400	nF	100 pF			/Ω		1.0 + 6		1000 5			
F	4	μF	1 nF			MΩ		1.0 + 6		1000 D DC	max. 10 s	F	
•	40	μF	10 nF			MΩ		2.5 + 6		AC		•	
	400	uF	100 NF			MΩ		5.0 + 6		-			
	400	М	100 IVI		J 1	* 1-2 G	Kev	J.U + C	•				

<sup>1)</sup> At 0 °C ... + 40 °C

# Key

rdg. = reading (measured value); d = digit MUL = upper range limit; MR = measuring range

with zero balancing, + 35 digits without zero balancing

<sup>3)</sup> without sensor

<sup>4) 12</sup> A 5 minutes, 16 A 30 seconds

## Influencing Quantities and Influence Error

Influencing Quantity	Sphere of Influence	Measured Quantity / Measuring Range	Influence Error <sup>1)</sup> ±( % rdg. + digits)
		600 mV <del></del>	1.0 + 3
		6 600 V <del></del>	0.15 + 1
		1000 V <del></del>	0.2 + 1
		V ~	0.4 + 2
		$0 \Omega^{2)}$	0.15 + 2
Temperature	0 °C +21 °C and	$600~\Omega^{~2)}$	0.25 + 2
remperature	+25 °C +40 °C	$6~\text{k}\Omega~~6~\text{M}\Omega$	0.15 + 1
		$40~\mathrm{M}\Omega$	1.0 + 1
		mADC, ADC	0.5 + 1
		mAAC, AAC	0.75 + 1
		− 50 + 200 °C	0.5 K + 2
		+ 200 + 400 °C	0.5 + 2
	> 30 Hz 45 Hz	A ~	2.0 + 10
	> 65 Hz 2 kHz	60 / 600 mA / 6 A	1.5 + 3
	> 0.5 TIZ Z KIIZ	10 A	2 + 10
		600 mV	3 + 10
Measured Quantity Frequency	> 30 Hz 45 Hz	6 / 60 /600 V	2.5 + 10
		1000 V	3.5 + 20
	> 65 Hz 500 Hz	600 mV	35 + 20
	0511- 0111	6 / 60 V	2.5 + 10
	> 65 Hz 2 kHz	600 V	3 + 20
		1000 V	3.5 + 20

Influen- cing Quantity	Sphere of Influence	Measured Quantity / Measuring Range	Influence Error
		V <del></del>	± 2 Digits
		V ~	± 4 Digits
Pottoni	<b>-⊢</b> <sup>3)</sup> < 2.9 V	A ===	± 4 Digits
Battery Voltage	> 3.1 V 3.6 V	A ~	± 6 Digits
		60 Ω / 600 Ω / °C	± 4 Digits
		6 kΩ 40 MΩ	± 3 Digits
Relative Humidity	75% 3 days	∨	1 x intrinsic uncertainty
	Instrument off	Ω °C	
HOLD	_		± 1 Digits
MIN / MAX	_	V ≃, A ≃	± 2 Digits

<sup>1)</sup> For temperature: specified error valid starting with temperature changes as of 10 K.

Influencing Quantity	Sphere of Influence	Measuring Range	Damping
Common	Interference quantity max. 600 V $\sim$	٧ 🚃	> 120 dB
Mode Interference	Interference quantity max. 600 V $\sim$ 50 Hz, 60 Hz sine	6 V ∼, 60 V ∼	> 80 dB
Voltage		600 V $\sim$	> 70 dB
Series Mode Interference Voltage	Interference quantity: V $\sim$ , respective nominal value of the measuring range, max. 600 V $\sim$ , 50 Hz, 60 Hz sine	V <del></del>	> 50 dB
	Interference quantity max. 600 V —	V ~	> 110 dB

## Response Time (after manual range selection)

Measured	Respon	se Time	Mara and Oraclii
Quantity / Measuring Range	Analog Display	Digital Display	Measured Quantity Step Function
V <del></del> , V ∼, A <del></del> , A ∼	0.7 s	1.5 s	from 0 to 80% of the upper range limit
600 Ω 6 MΩ	1.5 s	2 s	
40 MΩ	4 s	5 s	from ∞ to 50%
<b>→</b>	*	1.5 s	of the upper range limit
<b>r</b> ())	*	< 50 ms	
°C	*	max. 3 s	from 0 to 50% of the upper range limit
F	*	max. 5	

## **Reference Conditions**

Ambient temperature  $+ 23 \text{ °C} \pm 2 \text{ K}$ Relative humidity  $+ 23 \text{ °C} \pm 2 \text{ K}$ 

Measured quantity

frequency 45 Hz ... 65 Hz

Measured quantity

waveshape sinusoidal Battery voltage  $3 V \pm 0.1 V$ 

#### Display

LCD panel (65 mm x 30 mm) with analog and digital display including unit of measure, type of current and various special functions

Analog:

Display LCD scale with pointer Scale length 55 mm in all ranges

Scaling  $0 \dots \pm 60$  with 61 scale divisions in

all ranges

Polarity display With automatic switching

Overflow display Triangle

Measuring rate 30 measurements per second

Diaital:

Display / char. height 7-segment characters / 15 mm

For frequency: specified error valid starting with display values as of 300 digits.

<sup>2)</sup> With zero balancing

<sup>3)</sup> After the -- symbol appears at the display

Number of places  $3^6/_7$ -place  $\triangleq 6000$  steps

Overflow display "OL" appears

Polarity display "-" sign is displayed if plus pole is

connected to "1"

Measuring rate 3 measurements per second

**Power Supply** 

2 x 1.5 V AA size batteries Battery

alkaline manganese per IEC LR6 or equivalent rechargeable NiCd

batterv

Service life With alkaline manganese:

approx. 750 hours for V ..., A ... approx. 200 hours for  $V \sim A \sim$ 

Battery test → is displayed automatically if battery voltage drops to below

approx. 2.1 V.

**Electrical Safety** 

Safety class II per IEC 61010-1:2001/

EN 61010-1:2001/VDE 0411-1:2002

Overvoltage category 1000 V CAT III, 600 V CAT IV

Nominal voltage 1000 V

Fouling factor 2

Test voltage 6.7 kV~ per IEC 61010-1:2001/

EN 61010-1:2001

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Interference emission EN 61326:2006-1 class B

Interference immunity EN 61326:2006-1

EN 61326:2006-2-1

Fuses

Fuse links for all

ranges up to 600 mA FF(UR) 1.6 A/1000 V;

6.3 mm x 32 mm.

switching capacity: 10 kA at 1000 V~ with ohmic load, protects all current measuring ranges up to 600 mA in combination with power

diodes

Fuse links for all

ranges up to 10 A FF(UR) 10 A/1000 V; 10 mm x 38 mm,

> switching capacity: 30 kA at 1000 V with ohmic load, protects 6 A and 10 A ranges to 600 V

Refer to chapter 15

"Maintenance", regarding fuse manufacturers and types.

#### Ambient Conditions

Accuracy range 0 °C ... + 40 °C Operating temperature -10 °C ... + 50 °C

- 25 °C ... + 70 °C without batteries Storage temperature 45 ... 75%, no condensation allowed Relative humidity

Elevation to 2000 m

Deployment indoors only, except within

specified ambient conditions

Mechanical Design

IP 40 Protection

> (IP 54 special type WORLD IS) per DIN VDE 0470 part 1 /

EN 60529

Extract from table on the meaning of IP codes

IP XY (1 <sup>st</sup> digit X)	Protection against foreign object entry	IP XY (2 <sup>nd</sup> digit Y)	Protection against the penetration of water
0	not protected	0	not protected
1	≥ 50.0 mm dia.	1	vertically falling drops
2	≥ 12.5 mm dia.	2	vertically falling drops with enclosure tilted 15°
3	$\geq$ 2.5 mm dia.	3	spraying water
4	≥ 1.0 mm dia.	4	splashing water

84 mm x 195 mm x 35 mm Dimensions Weight approx. 350 gr. with battery

#### 15 Maintenance



#### Attention!

Disconnect the instrument from the measuring circuit before opening to replace batteries or fuses!

## 15.1 Battery

Make sure that no battery leakage has occurred before initial start-up, and after long periods of storage. Continue to inspect the batteries for leakage at short, regular intervals. If battery leakage has occurred, carefully and completely clean the electrolyte from the instrument with a damp cloth, and replace the batteries before using the instrument. If the III- symbol appears at the display, the batteries should be replaced as soon as possible. You can continue working

be replaced as soon as possible. You can continue working with the instrument, but reduced measuring accuracy may result.

The instrument requires  $2\times 1.5\ V$  AA size batteries or two equivalent NiCd rechargeable batteries.

## Replacing the Battery

- Set the instrument face down onto a flat working surface, loosen the two screws at the back and lift off the housing base, starting at the bottom. The housing top and housing base are held together with the help of snap hooks at the top front.
- Remove the batteries from the battery compartment.
- Insert two new 1.5 V AA size batteries into the battery compartment, making sure that the plus and minus poles match up with the provided polarity symbols.
- Important for reassembly: First set the housing base onto the housing top and align accurately (see photo below). Then press the two housing halves together, first at the bottom front (a), and then at the top front (b).



- Secure the housing base with the two screws.
- Please dispose of depleted batteries in accordance with environmental protection regulations!

#### 15.2 Fuses

If one of the fuses blows, this condition is displayed at the LCD as soon as a measured quantity with a voltage of greater than 4 V is applied to the corresponding connector jacks. The following symbol appears at the digital display in this case:

#### ╼.

The 16 A fuse interrupts the 6 A and 10 A ranges, and the 1.6 A fuse interrupts all other current measuring ranges. All other measuring ranges remain functional.

If a fuse should blow, eliminate the cause of overload before placing the instrument back into service!

## Replacing the Fuse

- Open the instrument as described under "Replacing the Battery".
- Remove the blown fuse with the help of an object such as a test probe, and replace it with a new fuse.

#### The following fuses are approved for use:

- For current measuring ranges up to 600 mA:
   Type FF 1.6 A / 1000 V AC (10 kA),
   6.3 mm x 32 mm
- For 6 A and 10 A current measuring ranges:
   FF 10 A/1000 V AC (30 kA),
   10 mm x 38 mm



## Attention!

Use specified fuses only! If fuses with other blowing characteristics, other current ratings or other breaking capacities are used, the operator is placed in danger, and protective diodes, resistors and other components may be damaged.

The use of repaired fuses or short-circuiting the fuse holder is prohibited.

#### 15.3 Housing

No special maintenance is required for the housing. Keep outside surfaces clean. Use a slightly dampened cloth for cleaning. Avoid the use of cleansers, abrasives and solvents.

#### Device Return and Environmentally Compatible Disposal

The instrument is a category 9 product (monitoring and control instrument) in accordance with ElektroG (German Electrical and Electronic Device Law). This device is not subject to the RoHS directive.

We identify our electrical and electronic devices (as of August 2005) in accordance with WEEE 2002/96/EG and ElektroG with the symbol shown to the right per DIN EN 50419.



These devices may not be disposed of with the trash. Please contact our service department regarding the return of old devices (see chapter 16).

## Repair and Replacement Parts Service. Calibration Center\* and Rental Instrument Service

If required please contact:

GMC-I Service GmbH Service Center Thomas-Mann-Str. 16-20 90471 Nürnberg • Germany Phone +49 911 817718-0

+49 911 817718-253

E-Mail service@gossenmetrawatt.com

This address is only valid in Germany. Please contact our representatives or subsidiaries for service in other countries.

## \* **DKD** Calibration Laboratory for Electrical Quantities DKD - K - 19701 accredited per DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025

Accredited quantities: direct voltage, direct current value, direct current resistance, alternating voltage, alternating current value, alternating current active power, alternating current apparent power, DC power, capacitance, frequency, temperature

## **Competent Partner**

GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH is certified in accordance with DIN EN ISO 9001:2000.

Our DKD calibration lab is accredited by the Deutscher Kalibrierdienst (German Calibration Service) in accordance with DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 under registration number DKD-K-19701.

We offer a complete range of expertise in the field of metrology: from test reports and factory calibration certificates. right on up to DKD calibration certificates.

Our spectrum of offerings is rounded out with free test equipment management.

An on-site **DKD calibration station** is part of our service department. If errors are discovered during calibration, our specialized personnel are capable of completing repairs using original replacement parts.

As a full service calibration lab, we can calibrate instruments from other manufacturers as well.

## **DKD Calibration Certificate Reprints (upon request)**

If you order a DKD calibration certificate reprint for your instrument, please provide us with the reference numbers indicated in the upper and lower most fields of the calibration seal. We do not need the instrument's serial number.

#### 17 Guarantee

All METRAHit® measuring and calibration instruments are guaranteed for a period of 3 years after date of shipment. Calibration is guaranteed for a period of 12 months. The quarantee covers materials and workmanship. Damages resulting from use for any other than the intended purpose or operating errors, as well as any and all consequential damages, are excluded.

#### 18 **Product Support**

If required please contact:

GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH Hotline Produktsupport

Phone +49 911 8602-0 Fax +49 911 8602 709

F-Mail support@gossenmetrawatt.com

#### **Recalibration Service**

We calibrate and recalibrate all instruments supplied by GMC-I Messtechnik GmbH. as well as other manufacturers. at our service center (e.g. after one year within the framework of your test equipment monitoring program, prior to use, etc.) and we offer you free test equipment management. Refer to chapter 16 for address.

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